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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-052815

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/03 AND ENDING 12/31/03
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

PROCESSED
MAR 1 2004

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: **WASHINGTON ANALYSIS, LLC**

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

1120 CONNECTICUT AVENUE NW, SUITE 400

(No. and Street)

WASHINGTON

(City)

DC

(State)

20036

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

LESLIE M. ALPERSTEIN

(202) 659-8030

(Area Code-Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.

(Name- if individual, state last, first, middle name)

PROCESSED

MAR 25 2004

THOMSON
FINANCIAL

1000 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, NW, SUITE 801, WASHINGTON, DC 20036

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- ☒ Certified Public Accountant
☐ Public Accountant
☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)2.

Sec. 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, LESLIE M. ALPERSTEIN, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief that the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of WASHINGTON ANALYSIS, LLC, as of December 31, 2003, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of customer, except as follows:

Leslie M. Alperstein

Signature

President

Title

[Signature] 2/17/04
Notary Public
my com exp 9/24/02

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☐ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☐ (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- ☐ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☐ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- ☒ (o) Independent auditor's report on internal accounting control.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

WASHINGTON ANALYSIS, LLC
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2003

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
1000 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, N.W., SUITE 801
WASHINGTON, DC 20036

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Washington Analysis, LLC
Washington, DC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Washington Analysis, LLC, at December 31, 2003. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audits.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Washington Analysis, LLC, at December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

William Batdorf & Company, P.C.

February 27, 2004

WASHINGTON ANALYSIS, LLC

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2003

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 1,435,540
Receivable from brokers and dealers	174,637
Prepaid expenses	13,448
Furniture and equipment - net	9,569
Deposits	23,417
Other assets	<u>893</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,657,504</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 256,454
Unearned Income	<u>30,000</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>286,454</u>
Stockholder's Equity	
Common stock	109,999
Retained earnings	<u>1,261,051</u>
Total Stockholder's Equity	<u>1,371,050</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	\$ <u>1,657,504</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2003

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION

Washington Analysis LLC (the "Company") is a registered broker/dealer of securities. The Corporation is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Method of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue Recognition

Commission income and related expense from security transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Commissions from mutual fund, fixed and variable annuity and life insurance contracts transacted directly with the funds or insurance companies are recognized when received. Fees and other income are recognized when earned with fees received in advance recorded as a liability and shown as unearned income until earned.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Property and Equipment

Furniture and equipment are stated at cost and depreciated on the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives which is generally 5 years.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to file income tax returns as a partnership. Generally, a partnership is not subject to income taxes but rather, items of income, loss, deduction and credit pass through to stockholders/partners in determining their individual income tax liability.

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)DECEMBER 31, 2003NOTE 3 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2003, the Company had net capital of \$1,149,086 which was 1,129,989 in excess of its required net capital of \$19,097. The Company's net capital ratio was .25 to 1.

NOTE 4 - LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Company leases office facilities expires on March 31, 2005. In addition to the base rent specified in the lease, it is subject to escalation based on increases in real estate tax and operating expenses. Future minimum lease payments required under this operating lease exclusive of those escalations are as follows:

Year ending December 31, 2004	\$ 163,668
Period ending March 31, 2005	<u>55,264</u>
Total minimum payments	\$ <u>218,932</u>

NOTE 5 - CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

At December 31, 2002 the Company had a total of \$1,135,540 on deposit with banks in excess of the FDIC insurance limits.

NOTE 6 - OTHER REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

The Company does not hold any funds or securities for the accounts of customers and clears all its customers transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. It is therefore exempt for the customer reserve requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 under Section (k)(2)(ii).

WILLIAM BATDORF & COMPANY, P.C.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
1000 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, N.W., SUITE 801
WASHINGTON, DC 20036

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

Board of Directors
Washington Analysis, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Washington Analysis, LLC. for the year ended December 31, 2003, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission(SEC) we made a study of the practices and procedures followed by The Company including test of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17-a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with

reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are recorded in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2003 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

William Barthel & Company, P.C.

February 27, 2004